


CHAPTER 4 - WHERE BEING VERSUS DOING THE REALITY OF EVANGELISM

EVANGELISM IS NOT SIMPLY
WHAT WE DO, IT IS WHO WE
ARE.

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Lesson #13 Evangelism - Where Outline and Notes

Sunday, November 26, 2023

Lesson 13

Chapter 4

Where: Creating Opportunities for
Evangelism

WHERE

LESSON 13



The Reality of
Evangelism: Being
Versus Doing

Download the App for Evangelism

PREVIOUS

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1. "Where" should Evangelism take place?

Choose the correct answer below.

- A. Evangelism should occur only once people agree to take place.
- B. Evangelism should take place once you have left the discussion.
- C. Evangelism should take place with Infants ASAP after birth.
- D. Evangelism should take place where the Good News needs to be sown.

← PREVIOUS

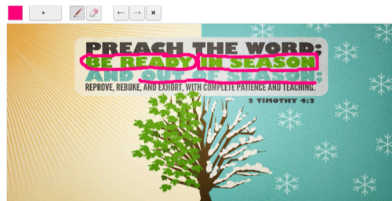
NEXT →

A. ALWAYS BEING PREPARED

- 2 TIMOTHY 4:2
- STATE OF READINESS
- BOLD, PATIENT, DISCERNING
- URGENCY

2 Timothy 4:2

Circle, Box, and Underline the emphasis of this scripture.



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2. What does 2 Timothy 4:2 tell us about the nature of evangelism?

Choose the correct answer below.

- A. Evangelism should only occur during favorable conditions.
- B. Evangelism is a sporadic activity determined by our moods or external circumstances.
- C. Evangelism is a constant state of readiness, where believers are urged to share their faith in any situation with patience and discernment.
- D. Evangelism is an activity that should be exclusively planned and scheduled.

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B. ENCOURAGE SPIRITUAL CONVERSATIONS

- FOSTER TRUST
- MUTUAL RESPECT
- VALUE OTHERS
- WORDS AND ACTIONS

Ephesians 4:29

Circle, Box, and Underline the emphasis of this passage.

Let no corrupting talk come out of your mouths, but only such as is good for building up, as fits the occasion, that it may give grace to those who hear.

EPHESIANS 4:29 (ESV)

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3. What are key characteristics of an environment conducive to spiritual conversations in the context of evangelism?

Choose the correct answer below.

- A. An environment marked by judgment, criticism, and a closed mind to others' perspectives.
- B. An environment characterized by mutual respect, non-judgment, and a genuine interest in understanding others' perspectives, making individuals feel safe, valued, and open to discussing faith.
- C. An environment where only the beliefs of the evangelist are valued and discussed.
- D. An environment that discourages questions, doubts, or concerns about faith.

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C. HOME

- BEGINNING AT HOME
- PARENTS PRIMARY EVANGELIST
- LEADING UP
- MOST VITAL WITNESS

4. What does the section "Evangelism at Home" tell us about where and how evangelism should be practiced?

Choose the correct answer below.

A. Evangelism should start within the family unit, with parents acting as the primary influencers of their children's spiritual development, and open conversations about faith should be encouraged at home.

B. Parents have no role in the spiritual development of their children.

C. Evangelism should be limited to public spaces like churches and community gatherings.

D. Children should not express their faith to their parents or siblings.

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Three Generations of Focused "Being Evangelism"

How many new Members are possible? Slide the numbers to find out.

Category	Value
Years of Focused "Being Evangelism"	20
% of 1st Generation Participation	50
% of 2nd Generation Participation	50
% of 3rd Generation Participation	50
New Members in 60 years	8750

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D. WORKPLACE

- SALT AND LIGHT
- IMPOSING VS. SHOWCASING
- INFLUENCE

5. What does the section "Evangelism in the Workplace" suggest about how Christians should practice their faith in their places of work?

Choose the correct answer below.

A. Christians should impose their beliefs on their colleagues, superiors, and clients.

B. Christians are called to reflect Christ's love in their interactions and behavior, showcasing the Gospel through their work ethics, attitudes, and respectful treatment of others.

C. Christians should avoid any spiritual conversations or religious expressions in the workplace.

D. The workplace is not an appropriate place for evangelism.

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E. COMMUNITY

- BROADER COMMUNITY
- MARK 12:31
- LOVE LANGUAGE
- LIVELY STONES

6. What does the section "Evangelism in the Community" emphasize about the role of Christians in their broader community?

Choose the correct answer below.

A. Christians should only share the gospel with their neighbors and close friends.

B. Christians should keep their faith private and avoid sharing the gospel in the community.

C. Christians are responsible for sharing the gospel in respectful and meaningful ways with various people in their community, and this can be achieved through acts of service, community involvement, and exhibiting a Christlike character in daily interactions.

D. Christians should force their community members to accept their religious beliefs.

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F. ONLINE

- DIGITAL AGE
- MATTHEW 28:19
- TRANSCENDING BOUNDARIES
- DISCERNMENT

7. What does the section "Evangelism Online" suggest about how Christians should approach evangelism in the digital age?

Choose the correct answer below.

A. Christians should avoid using the internet for evangelism and focus only on face-to-face interactions.

B. Online evangelism is only about posting Bible verses and sermon snippets.

C. Christians should use online platforms to impose their religious beliefs on others.

D. Christians should use online platforms to connect with a global audience, engage in thoughtful discussions, offer spiritual support, and create a welcoming online community for exploring faith while discerning and respecting diversity.

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1. Question: What is the difference between 'Being Evangelism' and 'Doing Evangelism'?

Answer: 'Being Evangelism' refers to a constant readiness to share the Gospel, irrespective of planning. It is about creating an atmosphere where discussions about God's will naturally occur. On the other hand, 'Doing Evangelism' typically refers to planned acts or campaigns of evangelism.

2. Question: Why is 'Being Evangelism' considered more natural?

Answer: 'Being Evangelism' is considered more natural because it manifests an evangelist's inherent state. It means that sharing God's words is part of their everyday life, not limited to specific campaigns or planned activities.

3. Question: How does 2 Timothy 4:2 illustrate the preparedness required in evangelism?

Answer: 2 Timothy 4:2 underscores the need for evangelists to be prepared "in season and out of season." This means being ready to share the Gospel, correct, rebuke, and encourage others with patience and careful instruction, regardless of the circumstances.

4. Question: Why is fostering a trusting environment essential for evangelism?

Answer: A trusting environment is essential for evangelism because it encourages open and honest discussions about faith. It creates a safe space where individuals can express their doubts, ask questions, and engage in spiritual conversations.

5. Question: How can evangelism be practiced at home?

Answer: Evangelism at home begins with open discussions about faith within the family unit. Parents are called to guide their kids' spiritual development, but equally, children can reflect God's love onto their parents and siblings. Families can support each other in their spiritual journeys, becoming each other's most robust witnesses.

6. Question: How can Christians be 'salt and light' in the workplace?

Answer: Christians can be 'salt and light' in their workplaces by reflecting Christ's love in their interactions with colleagues, superiors, and clients. This reflects in their work ethics, attitudes, respectful treatment of others, and creating a godly influence that fosters opportunities for spiritual discussions.

7. Question: What are the opportunities and challenges of online evangelism?

Answer: Online evangelism allows sharing the Gospel with a global audience, transcending geographical and cultural boundaries. It's about engaging in thoughtful discussions and creating a welcoming online community. However, it also requires discernment and respect for diversity, ensuring the message of Christ is shared in a way that is both impactful and respectful to the digital audience.
